

Final Exam

1. The District of Columbia was established around the confluence of which two rivers?
 - a. The Anacostia and the Chesapeake
 - b. The Potomac and the Anacostia
 - c. The Potomac and the Cumberland
 - d. The Cumberland and the Shenandoah

2. This law, enacted in 1790, provided for the establishment of a permanent seat of the federal government.
 - a. The Residence Act
 - b. The Organic Act
 - c. The Capital Act
 - d. The Homestead Act

3. President George Washington proclaimed this location to be the beginning point for the survey of the district of Columbia.
 - a. Temple Hills
 - b. Falls Church
 - c. Arlington
 - d. Jones Point

4. This instrument was used by Benjamin Banneker to make astronomical observations for the survey of the District of Columbia.
 - a. Zenith sector
 - b. Circumferentor
 - c. Equal altitude instrument
 - d. Solar compass

5. The original boundary for the district of Columbia was made of a square with each side being how long?
 - a. 5 miles
 - b. 10 miles
 - c. 12 miles
 - d. 20 miles

6. The land for the District of Columbia was ceded to the United States by which two states?
 - a. Maryland and Pennsylvania
 - b. Virginia and Delaware
 - c. Delaware and Maryland
 - d. Maryland and Virginia

7. How many stone survey monuments were placed on the perimeter of the District of Columbia?
 - a. 4
 - b. 20
 - c. 40
 - d. 100

8. L'Enfant's plan for the City of Washington made use of this mathematical relationship?
 - a. The transitive property
 - b. The Golden Ratio
 - c. The rule of 77
 - d. The natural logarithm

9. In L'Enfant's plan, the wide diagonal travel ways crossing Washington were referred to as:
 - a. Boulevards
 - b. Parkways
 - c. Avenues
 - d. Broadways

10. The enhancement of the National Mall was a key component of which plan?
 - a. The Marshall Plan
 - b. The Senate Parks Plan
 - c. The McMillan Plan
 - d. The Capital Improvement Plan